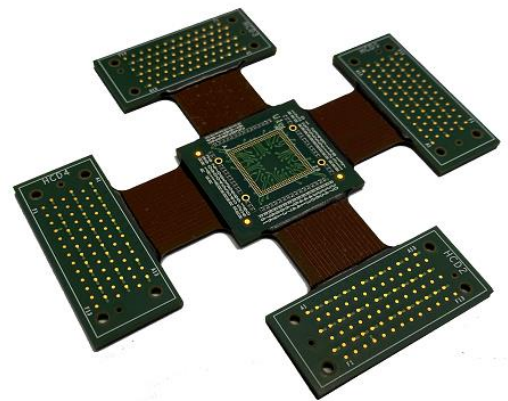


LPDDR2 PoP Logic Analyzer Component Interposer

216 ball Package on Package memory device support

- Optimal Digital Validation
- Easy to Install
- Use with Existing Embedded / Mobile designs
- Designed for speeds of LPDDR2-1067+
- Socket Design – also available without a socket
- Support for LPDDR2 Memory Devices
 - Package on Package (PoP)
 - 12mmX12mm
 - 2x32 data width
 - 0.4 mm pitch
- Probed at the BGA Pads
- TLA setup software (iCiS) included
- Optional Compliance Analysis software available
- Compatible with Nexus Memory Compliance Analyzer (MCA) Instrument



Nexus Technology recommends LPDDR2 component interposers for applications requiring optimal digital validation of LPDDR2 targets. These interposers allow for logic analyzer acquisition of command, address, and data of 216-ball LPDDR2 components. These interposers are also compatible with the Nexus MCA Instrument.

The PoP Challenge

Low Power DDR2 (LPDDR2) memory components are expanding rapidly in the market providing low power, high bandwidth, high density memory solutions. The Package on Package version results in target space saving but introduces significant roadblocks for test/debug and analysis of the memory interface.



Figure 1 - Side view (photo) of PoP memory soldered on to a processor

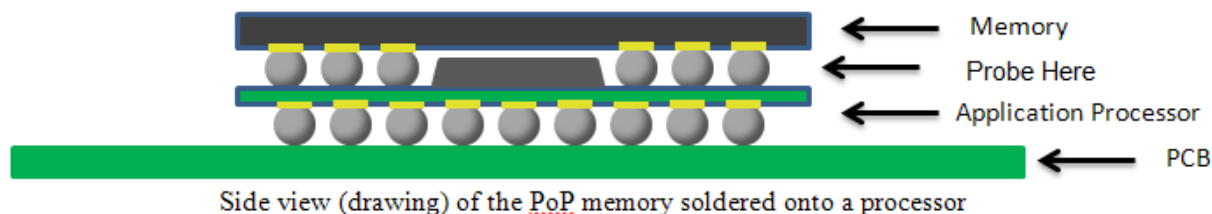
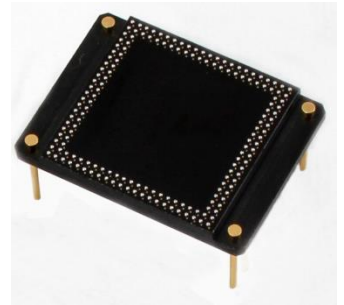


Figure 2 - Side view (Drawing) of the PoP memory soldered onto a processor

Premier Component Interposer Design

Optimal LPDDR2 validation requires analysis of the LPDDR2 signals, as seen by the memory components. This allows for the highest confidence that the captured signals are representative of the signals on the target. Nexus Technology component interposers allow for logic analyzer probing of the LPDDR2 signals at the memory components BGA balls.



Memory Component Interposer Installation

The process of attaching the interposer to your target has been greatly simplified using Nexus Technology's patented, high-bandwidth, component interposer sockets. These patented sockets remove the need to contract specialized rework houses to perform the installation. Instead, you can use standard BGA assembly practices to install the component interposer socket. Nexus Technology can perform the attachment service for a nominal fee.

Once the interposer socket is installed on the target, logic analyzer or oscilloscope interposers can be easily inserted or removed from the socket. Note that the interposer socket elevates the interposer above the adjacent components to provide the mechanical clearance necessary for easy probe attachment.

LPDDR2 BGA Component installation

The interposer can be ordered with a socket on the interposer for easy BGA memory component installation and removal. These sockets allow for the quick swapping and testing of different memory components on the interposer.

[The Sockets quick Start Guide](#) provides more information.

LPDDR2 PoP Logic Analyzer Component Interposer

Logic Analyzer Component Interposer Hardware

Connection to a logic analyzer is enabled by using LPDDR2 Memory Component Interposers. These controlled impedance, matched trace length interposers provide visibility for digital validation using a logic analyzer. The rigid / flex / rigid design allows for the interposer to be used in targets with minimal mechanical clearance around the target component. These interposers are also compatible with the Nexus MCA Instrument.

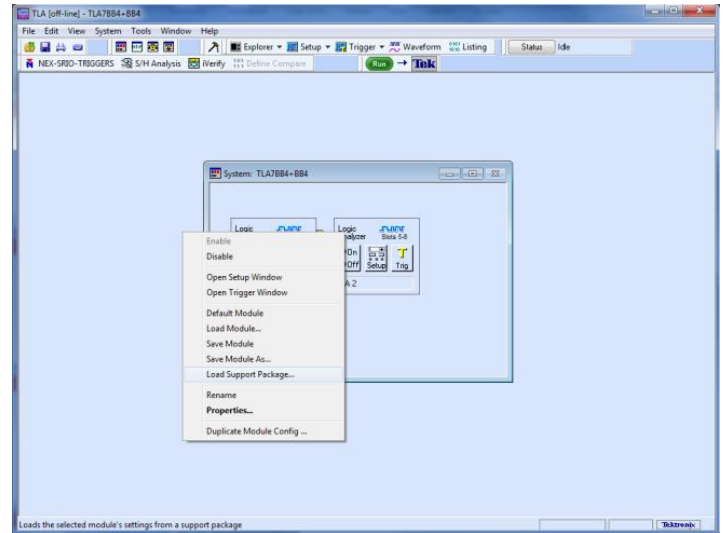
Logic Analyzer Component Interposer Software

Nexus Technology component interposers come with the required logic analyzer setup software and iCiS setup tool. Optional full compliance analysis software is available separately.

Logic Analyzer Setup Software

The Logic analyzer setup software provides a quick setup of the clocking / acquisition parameters. This software also includes protocol decoding of the LPDDR2 transactions for easy display and analysis. Setup is fast and easy using the graphical iCiS Tool.

- Load the TLA Software
- Load the Support Package
- Run the calibration tools
- Ready to Acquire!



TLA Data Analysis

Synchronous state data correlated with 50GHz MagniVu timing data, iCapture Analog Mux, and Compliance Analysis tools provide analysis capability that is best in industry.

Bus Decode and Timing

The logic analyzer provides listing and timing displays of the synchronous state and asynchronous MagniVu timing data. The MagniVu timing data is acquired simultaneously with and correlated to the state acquisition data with no skew. In fact, the state acquisition data is derived from the MagniVu timing data. This provides much more information on the acquired data and, most importantly, it provides an extra level of confidence that the data acquired was correct.

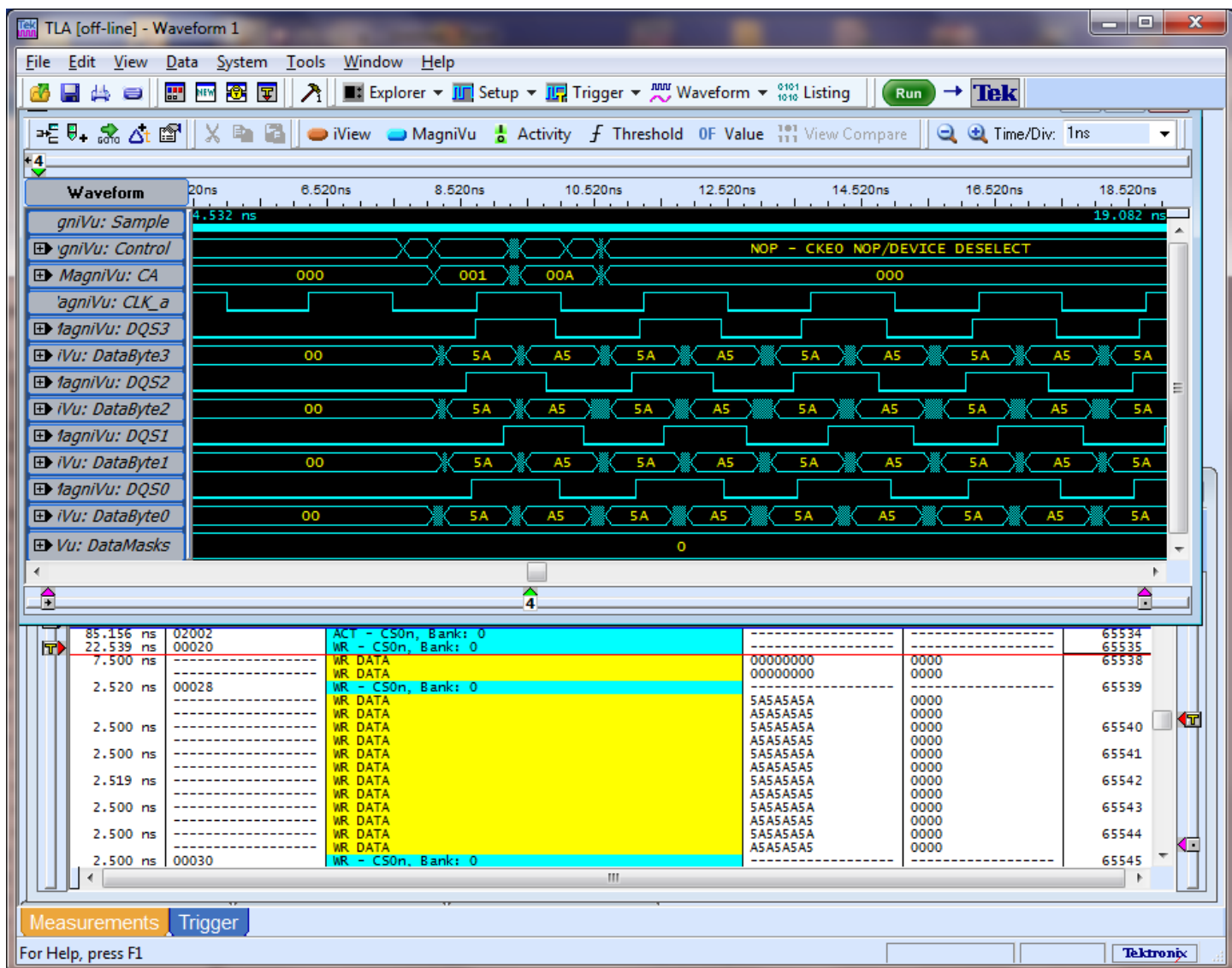


Figure 3 - State & 50GHz MagniVu Timing

The asynchronous, 50GHz (20ps) MagniVu timing data provides extremely accurate timing analysis of the LPDDR2 bus and is simultaneously acquired and correlated with the state acquisition data.

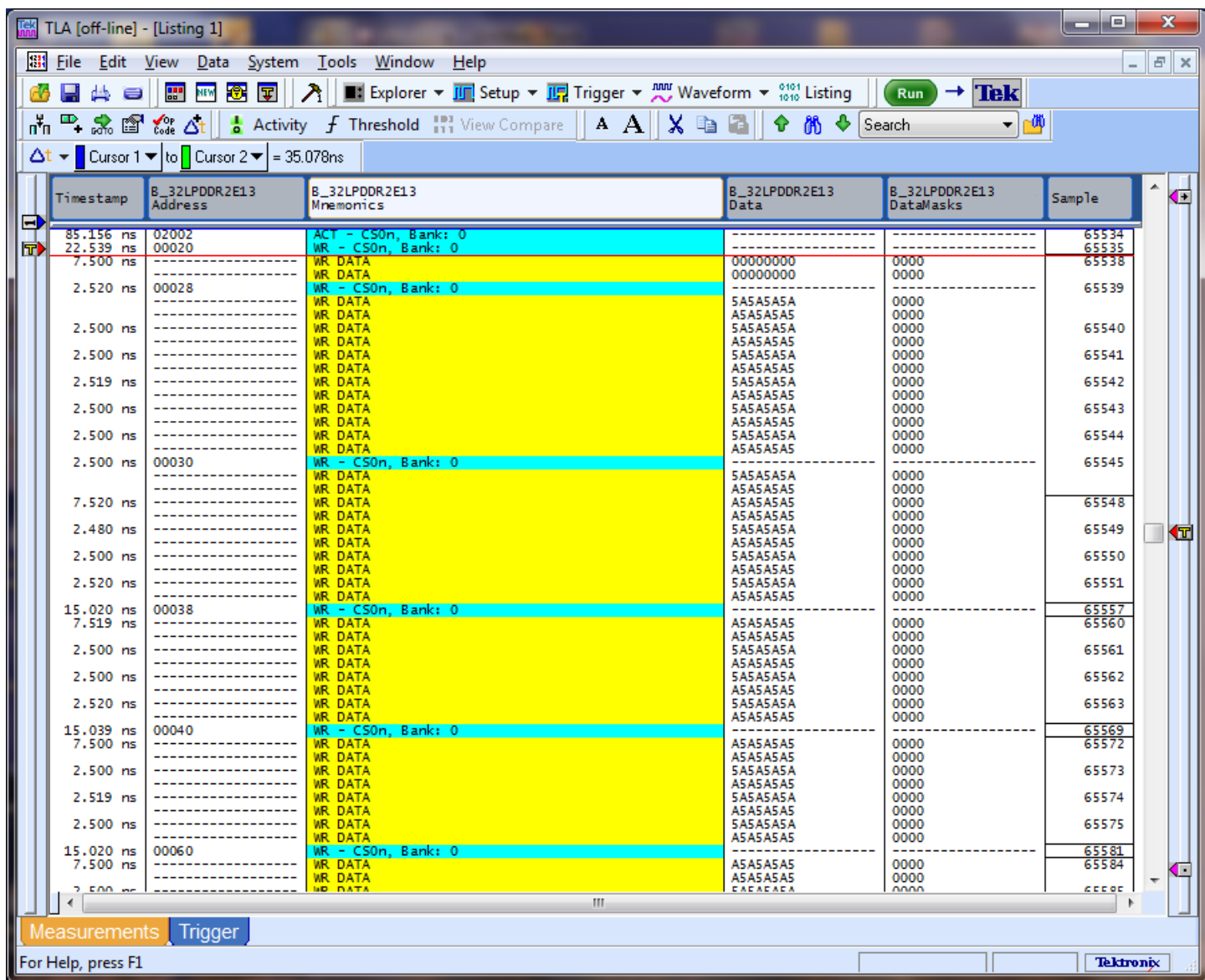
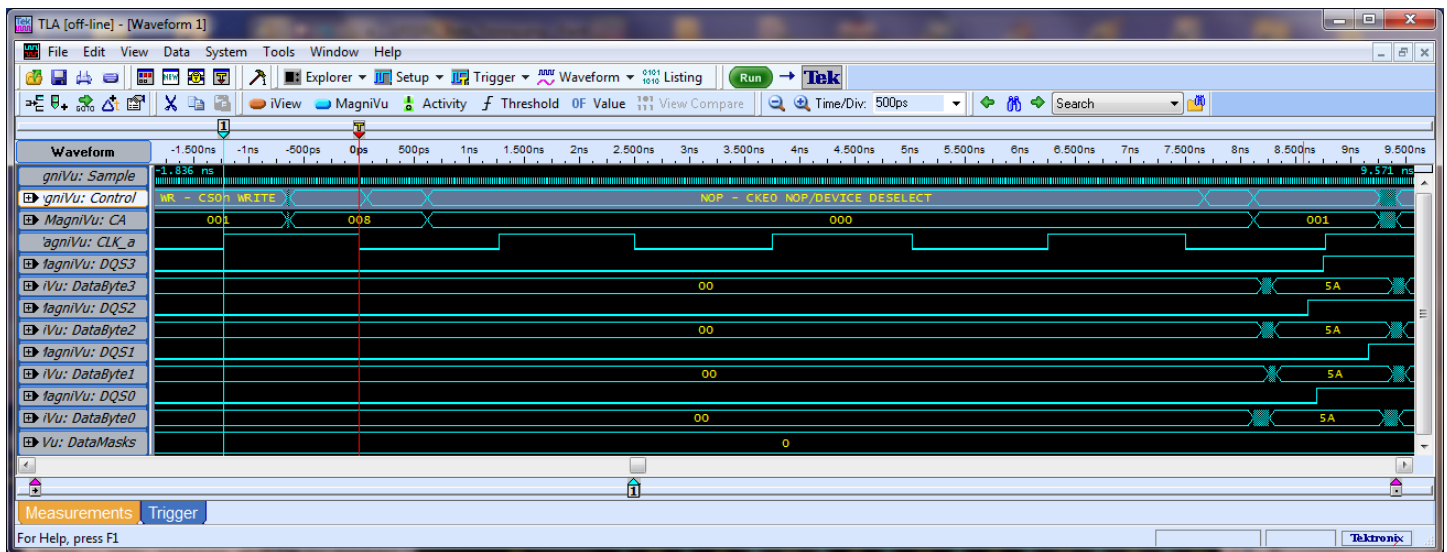


Figure 4 - State Data



iCapture Analog Mux

A powerful analog validation feature is the Tektronix Logic Analyzer's unique Analog Mux capability. This provides the ability to see *any* channel of the LPDDR2 bus in seconds on an oscilloscope. This is invaluable information which allows analysis within minutes as to the status and behavior of the LPDDR2 bus. No extra probing is required! This information can be pushed back into the logic analyzer, correlated and viewed in a wave form window along with the state or timing data using the iView Feature.

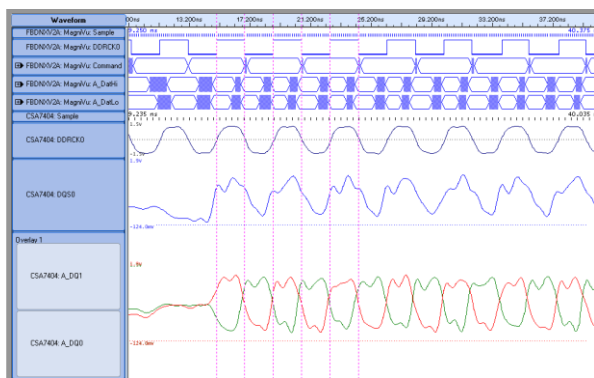


Figure 6 - Example Representation of iView

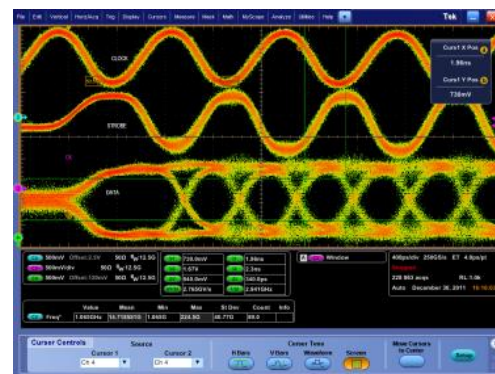


Figure 7 - Example iCapture Analog Mux

Taking advantage of the ultra-high fidelity “Scope Probe per Signal” capability of the LPDDR2 Interposer, iCapture enables focused analog level analysis and validation.

Sample Point Setup

In order for the logic analyzer to capture signals accurately, the sample points must be properly set. iCiS provides a graphical display of the signal eyes on a per group or per signal basis (See Figure 6). You easily select the optimum sample point.

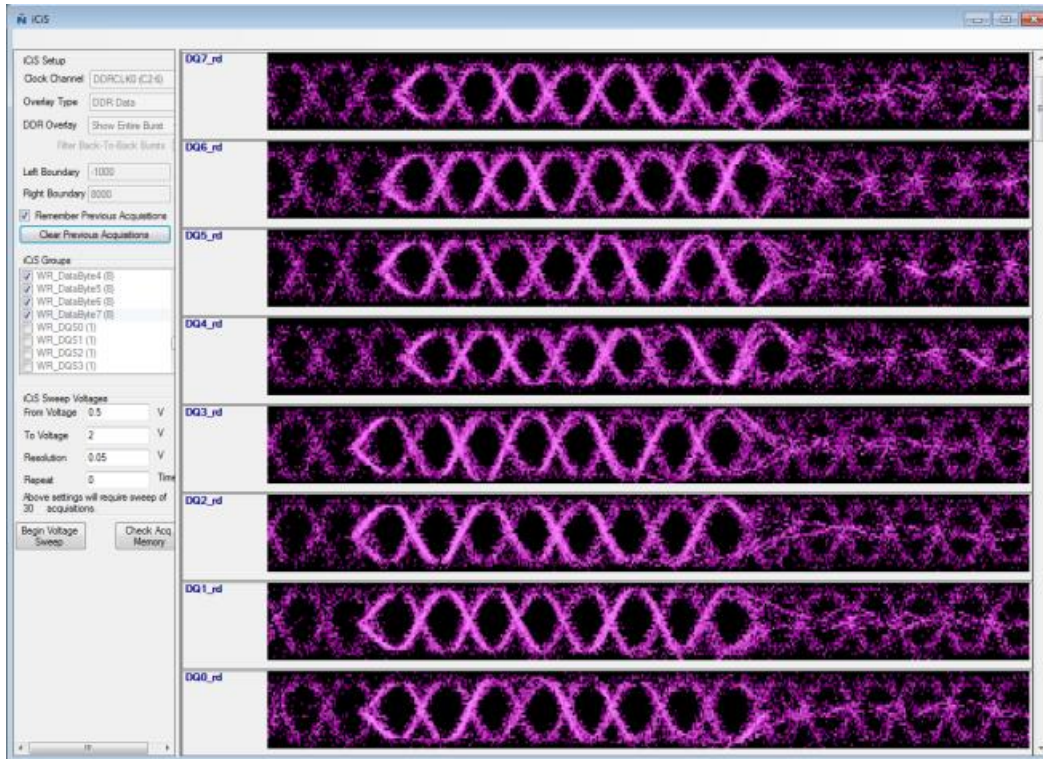


Figure 8 - Example iCiS DQ Data Setup

Setting up the logic analyzer is easy! Load the TLA software, load the support package, and click Run. It's as simple as that for compliance analysis (CMD/ADDR/CTRL acquisition). Acquiring the DQ read and write data is easily done with the graphical iCiS tool.

Compliance Analysis Software

These products optionally include the LPDDR2 Memory Compliance Analysis software package. This software performs advanced command sequence & timing compliance analysis. It also provides statistical information and global bus activity to quickly give the user an overview of the LPDDR2 bus activity without having to revert to a listing or waveform window.

- Extensive JEDEC LPDDR2 Compliance Analysis
- Quick and Easy Setup w/No Calibration Required
- Automated Acquisition and Measurement
- Powerful in-application graphical and tabular analysis results
- Memory controller & JEDEC parameters predefined
- Quickly navigate through multiple acquisitions



			Min.(ps)	Max.(ps)	Average(ps)	Margin(%)	Spec.
R1	R0		NA	NA	NA	NA	959,880
R2	R1	R0	28,007	10,273,985	2,106,353	6.7	26,250
R3	R2	R1	7,441	878,808	123,227	3.3	7,200
R4	R3	R2	NA	NA	NA	NA	5,625
R5	R4	R3	NA	NA	NA	NA	70,200,000
R6	R5	R4	1,855	8,189,726	945,496	-85.9	13,125
R7	R6	R5	114,121	8,169,101	6,001,631	3.7	110,000
R8	R7	R6	42,969	2,839,180	267,945	14.6	37,500
R9	R8	R7	42,969	2,839,180	267,945	-99.9	70,200,000
R10	R9	R8	18,652	116,172	20,254	42.1	13,125
R11	R10	R9	13,066	316,308	170,537	16.1	11,250
R12	R11	R10	NA	NA	NA	NA	20,625
R13	R12	R11	37,383	326,054	162,946	10.8	33,750

Figure 9 - Tabular Results Detail of Compliance Analysis

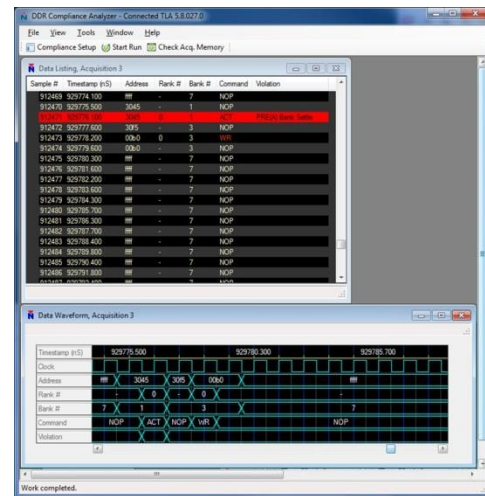


Figure 10 - Waveform & Timing Displays of Compliance Analysis

Compliance Parameters										Description	
Test	Num	Name	Occurrences	Violations	Status	Min(ps)	Max(ps)	Average(ps)	Margin(%)	Spec. Value(s)	
1	1	CLOCK/REF# Bank	0/0	0/0	Pass	NA	NA	NA	NA	0/0	Sequential check. A non-NOP/DCS command can not occur on a self-refreshing rank.
2	2	SR# w/ACT Bank	0/0	0/0	Pass	NA	NA	NA	NA	0/0	Sequential check. A Self-Refresh Entry (SR#) command can not occur on an active rank.
3	3	MRS w/ACT Bank	0/0	0/0	Pass	NA	NA	NA	NA	0/0	Sequential check. An Mode Register Set (MRS) command can not occur on an active rank.
4	4	RDVA/RW/RD during MRS	0/0	0/0	Pass	NA	NA	NA	NA	0/0	Sequential check. A read (RD) or write (WR) or refresh (REF) command can not occur during rank MRS cycle.
5	5	CMD w/PO Bank	0/0	0/0	Pass	NA	NA	NA	NA	0/0	Sequential check. A non-NOP/DCS command can not occur on a powered-down rank.
6	6	RDVA/RW/RD w/REF Bank	0/0	0/0	Pass	NA	NA	NA	NA	0/0	Sequential check. A read (RDVA) or write (RW) or refresh (REF) command can not occur during bank refresh.
7	7	ACT/REF w/ACT Bank	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Sequential check. A activate (ACT) or refresh (REF) command can not occur on an active bank.
8	8	REF w/ACT Bank	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Sequential check. A refresh (REF) command can not occur on an active bank that is reading or writing.
9	9	RDVA/RW/RD w/PR# Bank	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Sequential check. A read (RDVA) or write (RW) or refresh (REF) command can not occur during an inactive (precharged) bank.
10	10	ACT	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Minimum time between two activate (ACT) commands must meet tACT.
11	11	POD Fast Exit	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Power-Down Exit (POD/PR#) to any valid command (PRE/ACT/MRS) must meet tPD.
12	12	SR# Exit	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Self-Refresh Exit (SR#/PR#) to any command not requiring a locked DLL (PRE/ACT/MRS/REF) must meet tSR.
13	13	ACT	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	If the last valid command received before a self-refresh entry (SR#) was a precharge (PRE), then the separation between these two commands must meet tPRE.
14	14	PRE/ACT Bank Setup	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Minimum time from a PRE/ACT command to any valid command on the same rank (MRS/REF) must meet tPR.
15	15	REF Before SR#	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Sequential check. At least one refresh (REF) command is required before self-refresh (SR#) to SR#.
16	16	SR# Separation from PRE/ACT	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	If the last valid command received before a self-refresh entry (SR#) was a precharge (PRE), then the separation between these two commands must meet tPRE.
17	17	SR# Separation from REF	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	If the last valid command received before a self-refresh entry (SR#) was a refresh (REF), then the separation between these two commands must meet tREF.
18	18	SR# Separation from ACT	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	If the last valid command received before a self-refresh entry (SR#) was an activate (ACT), then the separation between these two commands must meet tACT.
19	19	SR# Separation from MRS	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	If the last valid command received before a self-refresh entry (SR#) was a mode register set (MRS), then the separation between these two commands must meet tMRS.
20	20	SR# Separation from VPR	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	If the last valid command received before a self-refresh entry (SR#) was a write (WR), then the separation between these two commands must meet tWR.
21	21	SR# Separation from RDVA	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	If the last valid command received before a self-refresh entry (SR#) was a read (RDVA), then the separation between these two commands must meet tRDVA.
22	22	MRS Setup	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Minimum time from a mode register set (MRS) command to any other valid command that is not an MRS must meet tMCD.
23	23	MRS Burst	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Minimum time from a mode register set (MRS) command to any other valid command that is not an MRS must meet tMCD.
24	24	MRS Burst	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Minimum time from a mode register set (MRS) command to any other valid command that is not an MRS must meet tMCD.
25	25	SR# Time	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Minimum time from a self-refresh must meet tSR.
26	26	WR Burst	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Minimum time from a self-refresh must meet tSR.
27	27	RD to WR/ACT Separation	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time between read (RD) and write (WR/ACT) commands must meet tRWR.
28	28	POD Slow Exit	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Power-Down Exit (POD/PR#) Slow Exit (MRS/ACT to PR#) to read (RDVA) command must meet tPRD.
29	29	Rank DLL Reset to RDVA	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Read (RDVA) must wait tDLL after reset.
30	30	RD to RDVA Separation	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time between read (RD) and read (RDVA) commands must meet tRR.
31	31	RD Burst	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time between read (RD) commands must meet tRR.
32	32	APD Time Min	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time a rank may stay in power-down (PDE) to PDE must meet tPDE.
33	33	APD Time Max	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time a rank may stay in power-down (PDE) to PDE must meet tPDE.
34	34	PRE/ACT Bank Setup	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time a rank may stay in power-down (PDE) to PDE must meet tPDE.
35	35	REF Time	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time in refresh must meet tREF.
36	36	ACT Time Min	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time a rank may stay active (ACT) to PRE/ACT must meet tPR.
37	37	ACT Time Max	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time a rank may stay active (ACT) to PRE/ACT must meet tPR.
38	38	ACT to RDVA/RW/RD	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time from an activate (ACT) command to a read (RDVA) or write (RW) command must meet tAR.
39	39	RD to PRE/ACT	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time from a read (RD) command to a precharge (PRE/ACT) command must meet tRP.
40	40	RD to ACT	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time from a read (RD) command to an activate (ACT) command must meet tRP.
41	41	WR to PRE/ACT	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time from a write (WR) command to a precharge (PRE/ACT) command must meet tWP.
42	42	WR to ACT	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	The minimum amount of time from a write (WR) command to an activate (ACT) command must meet tWP.
43	43	Cache Speed After DLL Reset	0/0	0/0	Pass	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	Rank CDS must remain high tCLK time after a DLL Reset.

Figure 12 - Detailed Compliance Analysis Results



Figure 13 - View Violations in Data Across Many Acquisitions

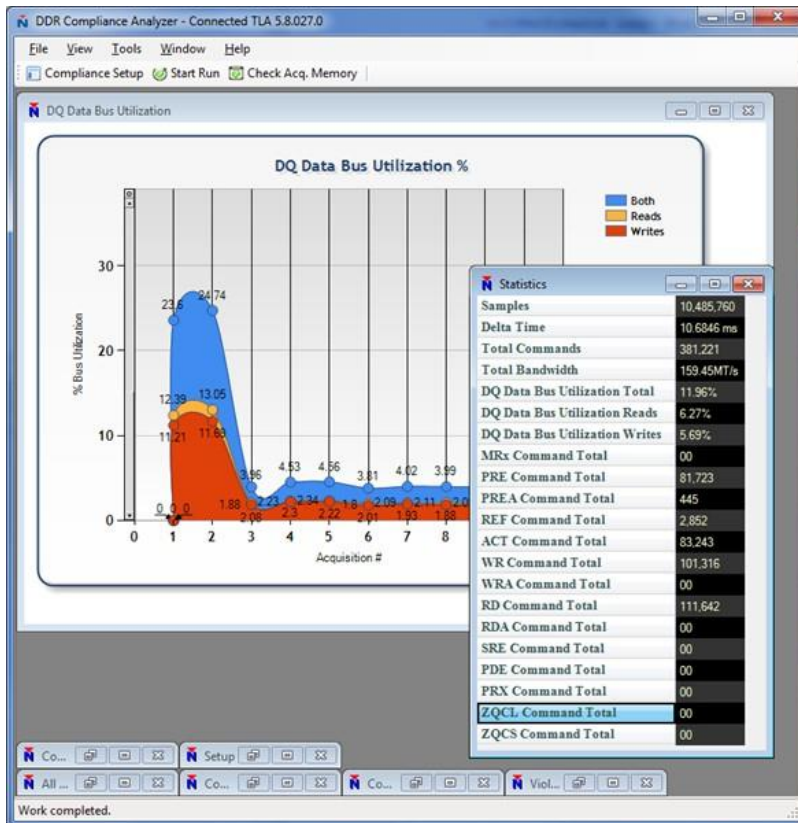


Figure 14 - Bus Utilization Measurements

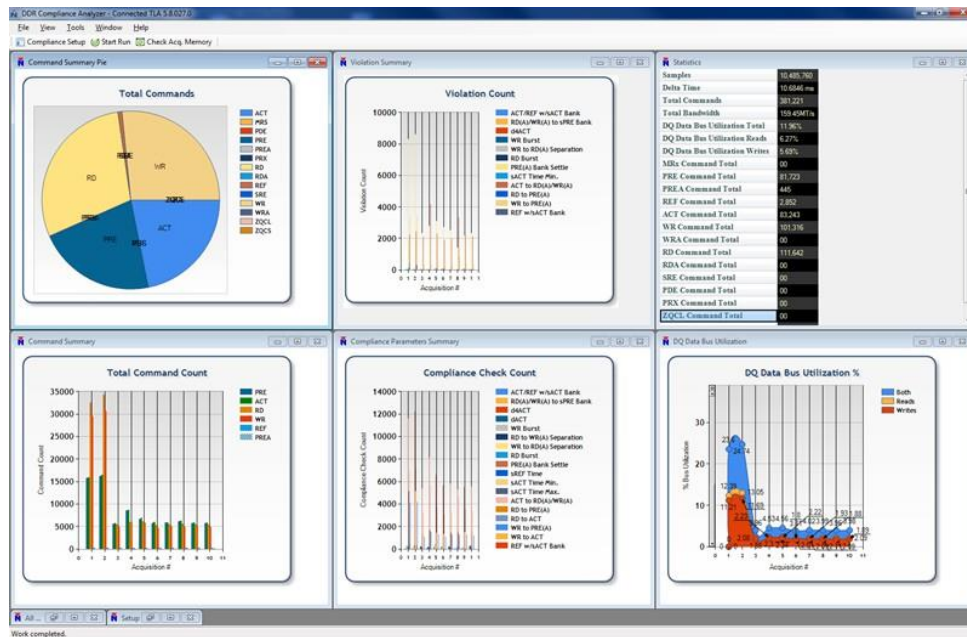


Figure 15 - Graphical and Tabular Compliance Analysis Examples

Nexus Technology LPDDR2 Component Interposer Advantages

Probed at the BGA Pads

The best place to probe a memory bus is at the BGA balls to eliminate reflections associated with break-out board probing, embedded mid-bus probing or other methods. Nexus Technology's component interposers provide easy access to memory component BGA pads for accurate memory bus analysis.

Use with Existing Package-on-Package or Embedded designs

No need to change existing designs. Simply add the interposer to your embedded target or DIMM with no re-design or added probe points. No Need to add probe points to existing designs. Simply add the interposer to your DIMM or embedded target for easy connectivity to the Logic Analyzer.

Interchangeable Socketed Interposers

The interposers are reusable. Once an interposer socket is installed on a target, the interposer can be attached and removed by hand. This allows an interposer to be used on multiple targets, or enables quick swapping of logic analyzer and oscilloscope interposers on the same target. The interposer socket has four posts that are soldered to four mounting holes on the interposer to retain the interposer to the socket

Easy to Install

Install the interposer socket using industry standard BGA Attachment methods or by using Nexus Technology's Attachment Service. Contact Nexus Technology for further information on our Attachment Service.

Simple Digital and Analog Validation via Standard Interposer Socket

Nexus Technology's Component interposers are designed for optimal signal integrity. Once our custom socket is installed on your target, our interposers can be easily swapped out. We offer Oscilloscope component interposers for analog validation, and Logic Analyzer component interposers for digital validation.

Product Dimensions

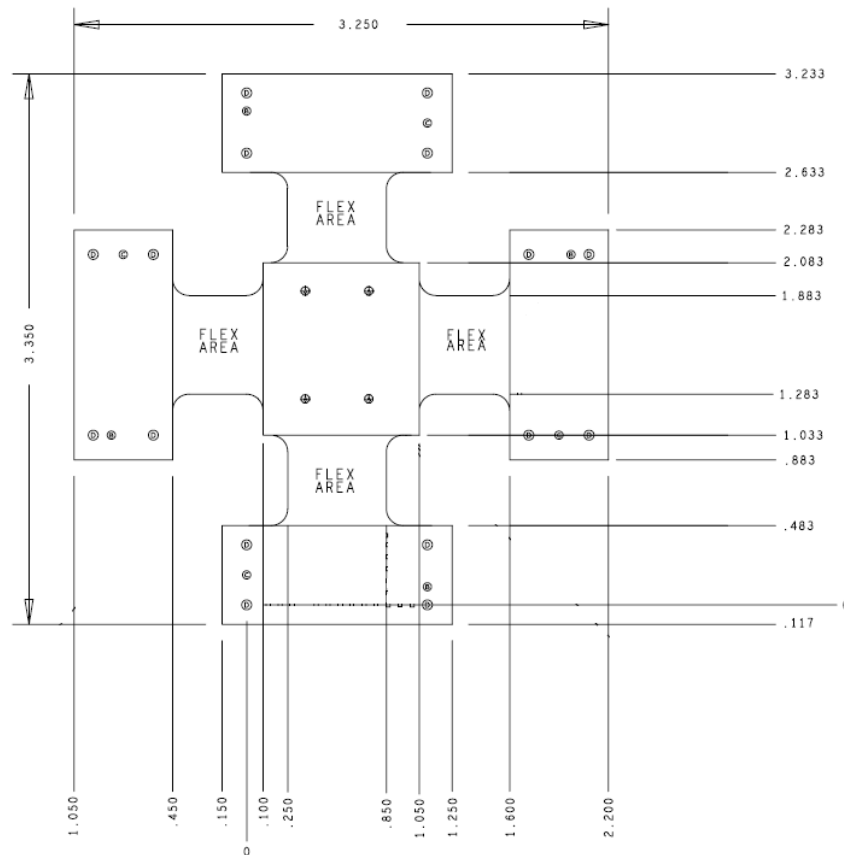
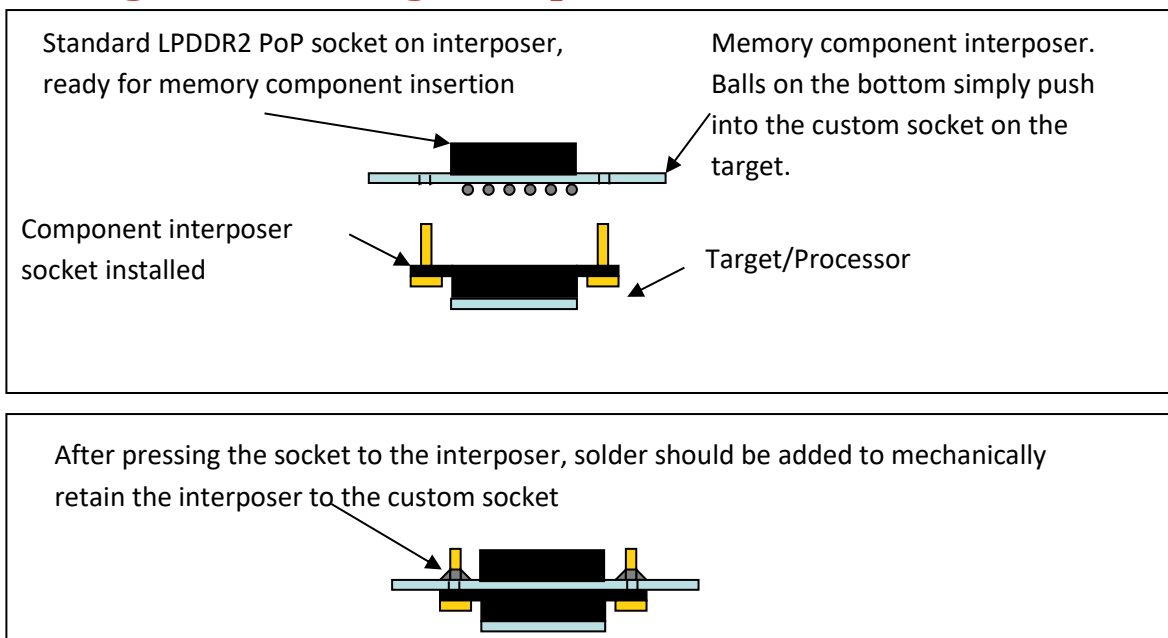


Figure 16 - LPDDR2 216 – ball /4Logic Analyzer Component Interposer Dimensions

Attaching and Reusing Interposers



LPDDR2 PoP 216 Ball Logic Analyzer Component Interposer

Configuration Tables

LPDDR2 PoP 216 Ball Logic Analyzer Interposers

Nomenclature	Interposer Type	Data Width ¹	Component Socket Included	Nexus Probes Included	Installation Service Included	Hardware Requirements
NEX-LPDDR2PoP216BLA	Logic Analyzer	2x32	No	No	No	1- TLA7000 Series Mainframe 1- TLA7Bx4 1.4 GHz Acquisition Card Contact Nexus for probe requirements
NEX-LPDDR2PoP216BLASK	Logic Analyzer	2x32	Yes	No	No	
NEX-LPDDR2PoP216BLASK-AT	Logic Analyzer	2x32	Yes	No	Yes	
NEX-LPDDR2PoP216BLASKPR	Logic Analyzer	2x32	Yes	Yes	No	
NEX-LPDDR2PoP216BLASKPR-AT	Logic Analyzer	2x32	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Note 1: Contact Nexus for information regarding x64 support

Optional Additional LPDDR2 PoP 216 Ball Interposer Sockets

Nomenclature	Solder Balls Added	Quantity of Sockets
NEX-LP2-216BGASKBA	Yes	1
NEX-LP2-216BGASKBA-3	Yes	3

Product Support

Product Support is critical to your success. Our engineering staff can provide expert training and support tailored to your specific needs. Please contact us by telephone, email or mail as listed below. Normal business hours are 9:00 – 5:00 EDT/EST.

Web www.nexustechnology.com
Telephone 877.595.8116
International 603.329.3083
Fax 877.595.8118
Address 78 Northeastern Blvd. Unit 2 Nashua, NH 03062
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